

ARKANSAS METHODIST.

{ Devoted to the Interests of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, in Arkansas. }

REV. A. R. WINFIELD, D. D., Editors.
REV. JNO. H. DYE.

"Speak thou the things which become sound doctrine."

TERMS. { IN ADVANCE.
One Year, \$1 50
Six Months, 75

VOL. 3.

LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS, JANUARY 3, 1885.

NO. 37

General News.

The Closing Flood of 1884—Our Country—Our Paper.

It would be an exceedingly difficult task to write up general news this, the 29th day of December, 1884. The trains are all stopped, the wires are down, and we are shut out from this great world for a short time. Even the "Great Religious Daily" of St. Louis has failed to make its appearance. But we can assure our readers that there is nothing abroad to excite or alarm us in this great country of ours. It is true that the great diplomat, Bismarck, is making some very strange and remarkable moves on the chess board of the nations, and seems disposed, if possible, to inveigle the Premier of England, Mr. Gladstone, into a difficulty of some sort, and to humble old Albion in the sight of the nations. It is barely possible that the great German will do either. The Franco-Chinese war moves with a masterly inactivity, and Egyptian affairs are no better. The flood of the dying days of 1884 will astonish that remarkable being called the "oldest inhabitant." It has rained for over 48 hours incessantly, and the heavens are still draped in mourning clouds, and seems disposed still to weep many more tears. Our country is remarkably quiet. The old party is preparing to move out, and the new one or rather another old one remodelled, is preparing to move in. No great excitement, but the work of preparation goes bravely on. The army of office-seekers is increasing rapidly and the prospect is anything but inviting for the President elect; but he is a man of remarkable physical powers of endurance, and may go through all right. But, my readers, we can safely trust all these interests to the "powers that be," and we will have a New Years talk concerning "Our paper." Now we know there is some danger of surfeiting you by so many references to the ARKANSAS METHODIST, but you must bear with us 'till we are out on a smooth sea, and then we will promise you that you shall not be wearied with either duns or calls for subs. We write now to silence objections. First—It is said that we do not furnish enough reading matter, and that we carry too many advertisements. Let us state a few facts. Our paper has forty columns, with an average of twenty-four full columns of good reading matter—and our subscription price is \$1.50 per year. We have now probably 3,000 subscribers—one half of whom will pay full price, making \$2,250. One-third of the rest \$1, making \$500, the other thousand will probably, after deducting exchanges, dead heads, &c., pay \$500 more. That is to say we cannot rely on our subscription for over \$3,250. Our expenses are \$200 per month. Our paper was purchased in debt, and over two-thirds of the subscribers to it had already paid. Brother Dye and myself are both on missions, neither of which, after counting appropriations, will reach \$500. Do you see anything like a gold mine in sight. Besides this we are furnishing our readers from twenty-two to twenty-five columns of reading matter every week. Many of our advertisements which we took with the paper were like the subscribers, either paid up or dead heads, and we had to make the paper live, and up to this good day neither of us have drawn one cent; but we have put in many one, and no mistake. Brethren, we are doing our best to make you a lively, useful christian paper, and if you will help us, success is certain. Please don't help the people to complain at us. When out of debt we will do better. Some complain of our mention of the paper in our "Field Notes." Well, Well! We really thought that was funny, but the stones hit the frogs and the fun was all on our side. All right, we will be more particular in future. Write us plainly and kindly of what you think wrong and we will receive it in the same spirit, and be assured that our great aim is to make a family paper second to none, and that will be welcome in every home in Arkansas.

State News.

Christmas has again dawned upon the world, and every man, woman and child has spent it according to their various tastes as far as their means and circumstances would allow. Much shooting of small arms—city full of small boys with fire-crackers, and larger ones with torpedoes; Christmas trees and Christmas dinners, and such like, have had their usual run! Some of the churches celebrated the Master's birth-day with song, prayer, praise, and real religious devotion; but alas, too many neglected it. Too cold for church in the morning, but everybody out at night that is to Christmas frolics. When will the world learn that the most appropriate way to celebrate Christ's birth-day is with religious worship? The very idea of a man getting drunk on Christmas is revolting to our sensibilities. How much better is it for christians to drink egg-nogg or to give the day to revelry. But we are glad there were no great crimes committed in Little Rock—our train robbery will do for a season, at least.

Fires have been fearfully common in the last few weeks, and the following towns have suffered: Morrilton, Newport, Hope and Alma.

Our Legislature will convene on the second Monday in January, at 12, M. Lieut. Governor B. T. Embry will call the Senate to order, and Hon. Thos. Newton, the old clerk, will open the House. Several gentlemen are mentioned as probable candidates for President of the Senate, and several for Speaker of the House. Among the former, we may mention Hon. B. T. Embry, Hon. J. W. Slayton, Hon. Mr. Weaver and Hon. J. R. Thornton. For the latter, Hon. Geo. Thornburg, Hon. J. M. Hewitt and Hon. J. P. Eagle. Arkansas will be represented by any of them, and either one will make a first-class presiding officer.

We hear many names mentioned for the different offices to be filled. Of course Hon. Jno Holland will be a candidate for Secretary of the Senate; Mr. Dunbar Pope of this city, is a candidate for Journal Clerk, and Revs. Early and Matthews are mentioned for Chaplain of the Senate, with others; and in the House, Watson, Jeffett and J. L. Hays are mentioned. Our old friend, S. C. Buchanan, wants to be door keeper, and we feel certain no more worthy man will offer. We hear of no name being mentioned for Clerk of the House. Our lady friends will have a jolly race in both houses, and the chances are that Miss Fannie Ashley and Mrs Gannt will be elected in the Senate, and that Miss Brown, of Eldorado, and Mrs. Reid of Morrilton, will be in the House.

We have no special axe to grind before either body—but would simply ask that our temperance laws be let alone, and that our Legislature rise above all other considerations of economy, and make liberal appropriations to improve the Blind and Deaf Institute, and make a liberal appropriation to help the Hospital of this city. Little Rock is absolutely supporting the poor of the State. We call the attention of our General Assembly to this.

Once more. Do not fail to make a liberal appropriation for a chaplain to the Penitentiary. It must be done. We cannot afford to keep these criminals in durance vile, and then return them worse in morals than they come. We call attention to this, also.

Hon. S. P. Hughes will soon be installed Governor, and no State ever had a better one.

Hon. J. K. Jones is on a visit to his home to take Christmas. His name, we understand, will be before the General Assembly for U. S. Senator. He is a man of ability.

Personal.

Dr. J. G. Johns has resigned the editorship of the Texas Christian Advocate, and Rev. G. W. Briggs has been elected to fill the vacancy.

Rev. Morgan Calloway, D. D., has resigned the presidency of Paine Institute, (col.) and returned to Emory College. We know there was rejoicing at Oxford.

Rev. C. Pope, formerly of our Conference, but now the popular pastor of St. James, in Augusta, Ga., furnishes our readers a rare treat in the way of a racy letter. No danger of your entering our waste basket, my friend, you are entirely too long for that institution. It is only three, and you are six feet high. Please write again. You have a host of friends in Arkansas.

Rev. L. G. Johnson furnishes a fine letter, and he is coming home, the old red hills of Georgia could not tempt him. That is right, Luke, my beloved.

Rev. G. T. Weaver pastor of the M. E. Church of this city, gave us a very pleasant call the past week. Sorry we could not accept his kind invitation to the Caatata of Santa Claus. We learned that it was very fine.

Mr. Jno. P. Lowry, formerly connected with this paper, gave us a friendly visit this week. We were out to see the Christmas Tree of his Sunday-school. It was quite handsome, and the children had a gay time.

Mr. John W. Paulett, the great school book man, of Knoxville, Tenn., has been in our city, and honored us with a call. He was accompanied by Prof. Smith, Supt. of Public Schools in Jackson, Tenn.

Rev. S. Cornelius, D. D., honored our sanctum with his presence. Glad to see you. Call again, doctor.

Rev. A. Hunter, D. D., has returned from the Centennial, and speaks for himself in this weeks issue. Thank you doctor. Our readers will hear from him again next week.

Rev. E. N. Evans has entered on his work at our old charge, Spring Street, with great earnestness, and we think his people are much pleased.

Rev. J. F. Jernigan is simply out-doing himself on his old circuit; and that is saying a great deal. Very few can keep up with him.

Rev. A. R. Kennedy, the popular pastor of the Second Presbyterian church, called, and then left us to minister to his people. Nice church and clever people.

Rev. Dr. D. R. McAnally, one of the editors of the St. Louis Advocate, was a delegate to the Centenary Conference. He was one of the old guard. By-the-way, Doctor, how did you happen to let that body so far forget itself as to pass a resolution asking the New Orleans Exposition to close up on Sunday. Why Doctor! we are astonished at you. Were you nodding.

Rev. E. A. Garrison gives us a cheery letter and seems in the highest glee, but he speaks of the Searcy, P. E. as "Multum im parvo." Then we suppose the Searcy P. C. is "Parvo in Multum." How did you find out that David was a small man? His tomb in the Coenaculum in Jerusalem, don't indicate it. We thought Zachous was the small brother. Try again, Garrison.

Our Junior is either water-bound or home-bound in Searcy—and we guess he is in no hurry for the waters to fall.

Rev. Dr. Lafferty gives notice that the old Richmond Advocate is reduced to \$2.20 per ye; and ours only \$1.50—still ahead.

Field Notes.

The sad intelligence reaches us through Dr. Hunter, of the death of another pioneer of Arkansas—Thomas Hudson, of Dallas county. Uncle Tommy, as he was familiarly known, was one of our noted and remarkable men. Many of our preachers will shed tears over this notice. Dr. Hunter will comply with the request of the family and prepare an obituary very soon.

Rev. R. P. Wilson writes: "Don't get 'mad' at me, and say I am a slothful servant; I love you both, and know the ARKANSAS METHODIST is absolutely indispensable to the Methodist church of Arkansas, and is calculated to do our people more good than any other paper in the Church—Christian Advocate not excepted. The editorials of the METHODIST are bold and fearless, and are just what our people need—the unvarnished truth, plain and pointed. Any paper deserves success that comes right to the front, fights the devil face to face. I felt like I wanted to say amen to your notice of Dr. Talmage's ministerial menagerie. I guess Bishop Hargrove thinks you have seen bishops in Arkansas before this, A. D. 1884. Dear Editors, I am not a news-paper correspondent—have no such aspirations—hence I am not afraid of all the wastebaskets in the universe; so you may feel sure there is one preacher who will never fall out with you, because his 'learned' communications are not published, for his lordship never writes that kind. I wish you great success and much happiness." We thank our brother most heartily for these kind and encouraging words. No, my dear brother, we never write you down as either slothful or indifferent. We know you too well. We will take any subscribers you may recommend, and we know you will do good work and much of it.

Rev. J. F. Jernigan is back again at Wittsburg, and commences his year's work with many subscribers to our paper, and has many good things to say. We know he will get some of our valuable books, and we hope he will excite many to imitate him.

Rev. E. A. Garrison writes thus cheerily: "I have just returned from Searcy (my new pastorate) was received most cordially. I find it best to follow a pastor that all love than the reverse. My predecessor, Bro. Jeffett, had been with us but one year, every one desired his return to Searcy; but that charge, being composed of Methodists, bowed to the 'powers that be,' and though surprised to lose Bro. J., they follow him with their prayers and have opened their hearts and homes to their new pastor in charge. At Augusta Bro. Blackwood has entered upon his work with his usual zeal, and that good people have rallied to him, and I predict a most pleasant and prosperous year. The pastors and charges rejoice in having Bro. Jeffett as our P. E., 'tis true he is small, (so was David) but we already see in our P. E. 'multum in parvo.' Our retiring P. E., Bro. Dye, we say, God bless him. May he, with his Senior, and fifty thousand Methodists, make our paper the peer of any Christian sheet in our Sunny South."

We now present a splendid letter from Rev. L. G. Johnson: "After a pleasant journey of short duration, I arrived in the city of Atlanta in time to meet the brethren of my old Conference, it being in session at that time. Bro. V. V. Harlan, of the Arkansas Conference, was my agreeable traveling companion. He, too, is a 'Georgia boy,' like myself. We found Bishop Granbery in the chair. Here marked that the whole of the Conference of the Pacific slope put together was not as large a body as this. It is indeed a grand body of men, and 'tis but natural I should think so. But I am free to say, that notwithstanding the old landmarks of Georgia Methodism are here—the Evans', Borings,

Branhams, Pierces, and others, our Conference compares favorably with it or any other in talent, as well as personal appearance. I did not have a favorable opportunity of taking in the session, on account of nearness to my old home, and meeting with two of my brothers. The night before we left was a grand time in that young giant of a city, for Georgia's sons were out by the thousands to a grand torch-light procession in honor of Grover Cleveland. Messrs. Hensel and Randall, two of Pennsylvania's illustrious sons, delivered orations to the multitudes that did justice to their reputations. I forbear to say more of Atlanta than has been said, for to realize what Atlanta is, commercially, religiously, or in beauty, one would have to see it. I will close by remarking that some of our churches there cost \$75,000. If McKendree surpasses either First Methodist or Trinity, 'tis very little. The prominent business men of the city are among our members. Boarding the fast mail at 8 o'clock Saturday evening, in company with my two brothers, we were at home by 8, the same evening, a distance of 180 miles. I cannot describe my feelings as I neared the spot that gave me birth. What changes had taken place in 3 years! The road along which I played to school and church cultivated in cotton, and the face of the country generally changed. It was not long before I went into the room in which I was born, and as the home folks were not expecting us until after the close of Conference in Atlanta, you may well imagine how agreeably surprised they all were to see us. I went to church on Sunday and was hardly recognized by several men who had known me from my infancy. The young people had grown almost out of my knowledge. I shall never forget how I felt when viewing the congregation from the pulpit. Before me were—the aged, who were here when I was converted, and children I had carried in my arms, tho' now grown very much. 'How amiable are thy tabernacles, oh Lord God of Hosts.' A meeting with the fathers, mothers and boyhood companions around the altar where I was converted, was one of the rarest of life. But no rose without its thorn, no sweet without its bitter, nor even the sun without the cloud! Where are those dear ones whose seats are now empty before me, and seem to speak to me as I think of those who once occupied them? The tribute of tears dropped over new-made mounds, answers in solemn tones—death—and thank God, Heaven! Indeed, "As for man his days are as grass," springing up so quickly, and gone so soon. I enjoyed a baptismal service this morning very much—baptized my brothers three little boys. Father, mother, brothers and sisters all present. We all felt blessed. The country looks very poor. I can be better satisfied now in Arkansas than ever. Like our forests, and new country better than these old red hills. Nothing but consideration for my aged parents would ever induce my return to this country. Arkansas will do for me, Doctor. I love her people; and her preachers, especially. I have not heard a word yet from our Conference in Little Rock, since leaving, except that I am changed to Amity circuit. That is all right. They are a people of good report. I hope and pray my people of Gurdon will do better by the change. I love them, and never expect to find a people who will love me better. I will be back by January 1st to do my best for 1885. Pardon my lengthy letter. L. G. JOHNSON.

Of course you would not think of staying away from Arkansas, and of course Little Rock Conference is up with any of them, and then the Arkansas and White River are not a whit behind the Little Rock, and the ARKANSAS METHODIST ahead of all. Come on home, my son.

ARKANSAS METHODIST ADVOCATE FAMILY.

SATURDAY JANUARY, 3, 1885

Science and Religion.

ART. III. POINTS OF DANGER.

Is there then no danger in the sharp interaction of these great forces? There is danger on both sides. If either side should yield a single truth, it would result in damage proportioned to the magnitude and importance of such a truth, and men have been reckless in their dealings with truth. Science does not make skeptics, but a perversion of science is most likely to lead to error, and skepticism in religious faith. No truth can hurt another truth. The points of danger lie in the perversion of truth. We may fear the evil to which human passion may prompt us. "Ambition, love of power and sensuous gratification more than zeal for the faith may nerve the arm which rivets the fetters of an ecclesiastical despotism." Pride of intellect or a vindictive disposition may prompt the representative of science to affect an unconcern about religious questions, to feign a belief that Deity and his purposes must forever remain unknowable, or even to oppress with scorn and ridicule the character which dares to remain faithful to the promptings of our better nature.

Our solicitude may be usefully turned to the arrest of such encroachments upon the mutual rights and liberties of the parties to this strife. The tendencies of modern philosophy is toward the extremes. Skeptics are, as a class, unfair. They are ready to hide away under some subterfuge and hurl their enathemas against all that is held sacred by those who make claims to a revealed religion.

When science has forced the creeds to abandon some of the grounds of traditional faith, some so-called theologians have waged war against science, choosing rather to remain in error than to consent to a change in creed, even if truth should make the demand. Men are more ready to trim the truth to suit their prejudices than they are to change their creed to fit the truth.

Whatever may be the beneficent influences of the vital activities of the religious instincts upon the fortunes of intellectual progress; it is apparent that the religious system, under the pruning and restraints of the cognitive faculties, has undergone a gradual advance. This proposition does not imply a progressive improvement or perfection of the religious nature, this is no truer to the great realities which it represents, in an age of civilization than in barbarism.

The progress which christianity, with the light of science, has made is no change of the religious nature of man, nor is it a refutation of any teachings of Divine revelation, but a gradual excision of crudities, excesses and meaningless accessories.

The real teaching of revelation was not untrue, but men misunderstood its meaning. Biased by prejudice, they had not reached the idea of the inspired writer. The real or constant fact of religion is an eternal truth resting on the "rock of ages." Science also sends down her roots to foundations of truth and holds fast to things eternal. The eternal foundations will never change, yet our knowledge may change.

Science, notwithstanding her many perversions, is a friend and not a foe to religion, and will stand out with her torch-lights so long as men have the faculty of reason.

Religious faith being an ineradicable constituent of human nature, will survive the suicidal dagger of some of its weak exponents, ride down the ridicule and scoffs of evil men, and rooted in its eternal principles of truth, will stand while our race survives the wreck of falling worlds.

Letter from Georgia.

EDITORS METHODIST:—I had just began to wonder wherein my offense consisted that the ARKANSAS METHODIST had ceased its cheering visits to St. James parsonage so suddenly; for I knew these visits were due until the middle of January next—when this morning it again smiled upon us.

However, the visit for which my appetite was keenest was not made—I mean the paper containing the proceedings of your—our—Conference. Send it yet, if you please, or I'll lose a year of your proceedings. You have some idea, doubtless, of how much interest I feel in Arkansas affairs, and especially all church matters. The memories of twenty years of arduous toil in your noble state and conference rush through my mind as I read your excellent paper, and the recollections of delightful associations are pleasantly recalled as my eye falls upon the names of brethren and friends with whom I have taken sweet counsel in the bygone years. Some of your old men have passed away, your younger men are becoming veterans, and the boys are coming up to take the places of the fathers when "age and feebleness extreme" shall render it impossible for them longer to lead God's militant hosts, or when they shall fall on sleep. May their bow long "abide in strenght," however.

Our North Georgia Conference was in session at the same time with yours, and a delightful session we had. Bishop Wilson was admirably proxied by Bishop Granbery. He won a firm place in our affections. His presidency pleased; his preaching delighted us. We shall welcome him cordially at any time he may come to us. Our Conference excelled itself in almost all respects. Over thirty thousand dollars were raised for home and foreign missions. Over eight thousand dollars were raised for Conference fund, and most of our collections were well up. There was progress in every department of our work and a nett gain of over two thousand members. We number now about seventy thousand members in our Conference. The tone of piety is deepening both among our membership and ministry, and Methodism in Georgia is equipping herself for the conflicts and triumphs of the second century of her organic life so that we who are now bearing "the burden and heat of the day" shall have a sure augury of the abundant harvests of the next hundred years.

The death of our beloved Bishop Pleicc leaves us with a sense of orphanage caused by the death of no other man; but we gather up his shield a spear, and animated by his aggressive spirit, push the battle to the gates.

The paying of all the debts of Emory College, and the erection of a technological department in connection with that noble institution, compensates in some measure for the loss of Dr. Haygood from its presidency. His place, however, is supplied by one of Georgia's most cultured sons. Dr. Hopkins is a fine specimen of physical manhood, a Christian scholar, a loyal Methodist, and carries to his position a large experience as an instructor. Moreover, he has more titles than any man of his age in the two Methodisms whom I now recall. The fact that Emory calls so many from among her own alumni to preside over her destinies and fill her professorships illustrates the character of her work, and is a striking token of the thoroughness of the culture she affords those who seek her classic halls.

Paine Institute, in our midst, enters upon her second year with encouraging prospects. She loses Dr. Calloway from her head, but Professor Walker, a genial, cultured christian gentleman steps to the front, and with characteristic heroism and denotion, proposes to carry forward this important enterprise to glorious success.

You perceive from the published appointments that I am returned to St. James for the third year. I am determined, by grace, to do the best year's work of my life up to this time. My church paid for all purposes last year \$4,888.15. I hope we shall reach \$5,000 the present year. Very truly,
CADESMAN POPE.

Augusta, Ga., Dec. 16, 1884.

The Fear of Hell.

BY S. CORNELIUS, D. D.

The fear of hell seems in many minds to be dying out. Is this one of the causes, or one of the consequences of the loose theology, the prevalent infidelity, and the increase of crime of our times? Has it been too strongly said that "one of the great-

est needs of to-day is a firmer belief in a hell?" It is a truism that there can be no law without a penalty. Law divested of its penalty is mere advice. This is what many people make out of God's law to be; and no wonder that, to them, it is a dead letter. What need feel they for an atoning Saviour? Does not the fruit of this loose doctrine show its folly? When was the preaching of it ever known to turn sinners to God?

But the opposite idea that man is a voluntary transgressor of a holy, just and good law, and doomed to hell on account of it, explains and the value of a Saviour. The gospel teaches that the Saviour has become legally answerable for the sinners guilt; to accept him is to obtain everlasting life; but to reject him is to insure everlasting death. Whatever the degree of a sinner's guilt, if he is guilty in any degree, he is under condemnation. If a miner locates his claim six feet away from a stratum of silver, it is the same thing in effect as if he had located it six hundred feet away. So, if a man's sins are comparatively few they still separate him from Christ in effect as much as if they amounted to a great multitude. Few as they may be, they will damn him forever unless he turns with a penitent faith to the sinners Friend.

There is no more wholesome emotion than the fear of offending God, and so losing his favor forever. Thousands, like the writer, have found reason to thank God for the alarming doctrines of his word, and the faithful preachers who have proclaimed them. If a sinner does not hear of danger he certainly will not be anxious to hear of deliverance. Never till he is convinced of the guilt of sin can he discover the greatness of salvation. But, let him see his need of Christ, and how soon he will cry:

"Whither should a sinner go,
His wounds for me stand open wide,
Only Jesus will I know,
And Jesus crucified."

The saved sinner now begins to know more or less of that "perfect love which casteth out fear." He feels the inflow of divine love, and is delightfully conscious of his entire safety in Christ.

"God cannot payment twice demand,
First at my dying surety's hand,
And then again at mine."

Surely men should not find it hard to love such a gospel, or to serve such a Saviour.

In Memoriam.

Joseph Benson Gray was born in Pulaski county, Ark., July 30, 1844; was married to Miss Maggie E. Fewell by the Rev. I. N. Pace, Feb. 16, 1859, and died in Jacksonville, near the place of his birth, Oct. 13, 1884.

The untimely death of this truly excellent man brought sudden gloom and sadness over the entire community, especially to his loving wife and precious children, the stroke was appalling.

The circumstances of his death were shocking in the extreme. He had just purchased a new gin stand, and being a man of exceedingly careful business habits, he was passing round inspecting its running order, he stepped down to the breast of the gin and stooped to examine the roll, when by some unfortunate movement; his hand or coat sleeve was caught by the gin saws, and instantly his entire hand and arm were drawn through up to his body, lacerating them in a most frightful manner; even his neck and side were cut by the saws. The terrible concussion of the body against the gin breast caused internal contusion. The best medical aid was immediately called in, but to no avail, except to alleviate his suffering, as the vital forces of life were destroyed. He survived only a few hours.

Mr. Gray was a man of inestimable moral worth, he possessed a rare combination of virtues which eminently qualified him for the various purposes of life which he sustained so creditably to himself and satisfactorily to others. His ardent affection for his family was most strikingly exhibited in the rich provisions he made for their comfort and the patient indulgence of every innocent pleasure. There pleasure was his delight. As a citizen he was courteous, kind and generous, always ready to extend

charity to the needy, and encouragement to every laudable enterprise. He was a public benefactor.

Though he was not a professed Christian, his moral character was a rebuke to many church members. A most worth christian gentleman, one whose piety I never heard doubted, said to the writer, "Joe Gray is a man I cannot approach on the subject of religion," for, said he "his moral example is better than mine." The deep interest he manifested in the church; his regular attendance and serious attention upon public worship, furnish at least occasion for hope in his death. One who knew him better than any one else said, "I know he was a good man."

The exceedingly large attendance upon his funeral was a loud public expression of the high estimation in which he was held by all.

We commend the dear afflicted wife and children to the tender mercy of the Great Father of us all.

J. M. TALKINGTON,

Central Collegiate Institute.

Brethren of the Little Rock Annual Conference—It is now only a week before you will be expected to take action in the matter of joining with the Arkansas Conference in the purchase of the school property known as Central Collegiate Institute, located at Altus, Franklin county, Arkansas. As your representative in the county, I desire to say a word which may aid you in determining your action in the premises.

As to location this college has no equal, I believe, certainly no superior, in our entire connection. The scenery is positively entrancing and sublime. The health of the country equal to the mountains of Virginia, and the living the very cheapest in the South. We have matriculated this session eighty students, which we consider encouraging, taking into consideration the extreme stringency of the money market. We have just closed our quarterly examinations to the credit of both teachers and students. The faculty is composed of laborious, faithful and effective professors in every department, and not the least dissatisfaction among either patrons or pupils, has ever come to our ears. This is the opportunity for Arkansas Methodism to march straight to the front in the matter of education. Will they do it? We can promise our patrons the very best results of school life here. President Burrow will call on you in person at Conference.

Yours faithfully,
W. C. PARHAM,

Nov. 14, 1884.

Increased Faith, Increased Blessing

The smallest faith that unites a man's heart with Jesus Christ makes him capable of receiving so much of salvation as the bare entrance into the kingdom constitutes; but every degree of faith's increase, and every degree of faith's enrichment makes him more capable of receiving more of God in Christ and he will get all he can hold. So every deed here on earth of a Christian conduct, and every grace here on earth of a Christian character, has its issue and its representative in a new influx of the glory and a more intimate possession of the bliss, and a more abundant entrance into the everlasting Kingdom. We all enter at the same gate, but we are set at the banquet table in due order. We all pass the frontier of the land, but some of us may pass at once further into its heart. Be sure, then, of this, that as our faith is enriched by conduct and character, so our heaven will be enlarged with raptures and brilliancies.—Alexander McLaren.

A late writer gives it as his opinion that if the ease with which the raspberry can be grown were fully appreciated, there would not be a farmer in the country who would not cheerfully set out enough plants to supply his family with as many as they could eat at three meals a day during the season; and that there is not a farmer's wife who would not rather pick the fruit than spend so much time in the hot kitchen, making cakes and pies. The children would come in for their share of the delight, in connection with the care of the plantation.

OUR SCHOOLS.

M. G. F. INSTITUTE. Jackson, Tenn.

The Fortieth Collegiate year begins September 1st, 1884, with additional buildings and increased advantages. For further information, address Prof. G. C. Jones, M. A., or the President.
aug-2-ly A. W. JONES.

EMORY AND HENRY COLLEGE

EMORY, VIRGINIA.

This college for young men, still enjoying an increasing prosperity, will begin its 47th session the 1st day of September, 1884. In point of location, grounds, building, equipments, thoroughness of instruction and cheapness of cost, it challenges comparison with the best schools in the land. Owing to the temporary absence of President Sullins, all correspondence should be addressed to
Rev. E. E. HOSS, A. M.,
Vice-President.

MESSRS. WEBB'S SCHOOL.

CULLEOKA, TENN.

Opens August 25, 1884.

Dr. Garland, of the Vanderbilt, says: "The Academy of the Messrs. Webb has no superior within my knowledge in the Southern States."

Bishop McTyeire says: I know not its superior; its equal would be hard to find for all the parts of education."

Prof. Humphreys, formerly of Vanderbilt, now of the University of Texas, says: "The young men who come to the Vanderbilt University from the school of the Messrs. Webb, at Culleoka, exhibit as thorough preparation in Greek as any students I have ever met with, whether in this institution or in Washington and Lee University, where for several years I taught students prepared in the best classical schools in Virginia, as well as in many other States of the Union."
July 19-5m

CENTRAL

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, ALTUS,

FRANKLIN COUNTY, ARKANSAS,

Opens the 8th annual term September 4th, 1884.

Thursday and Friday, students will be examined and classes organized.

Sunday, 7th, at 11, a. m., the Opening Sermon, by Rev. W. E. Parham, A. M., P. M.—A Lecture or Sermon for the benefit of the two organized Literary Societies, and a Young Men's Christian Association to be organized.

Advantages,

Eight experienced, Christian teachers, wide-awake in their places, and up with the times.

Boarding accommodation ample and good.

A School Building, in many respects, equal to the best in the Southwest.

Location most beautiful and healthful—has no equal in the State. Every school common to the best colleges are taught here. It is a co-educational school, but not properly a mixed one.

Girls are admitted into all classes where boys are taught.

Rev. W. C. Parham, an A. M. of William & Mary College, Va., takes the school of Latin and Greek, with the English Language.

German and French, Drawing and Painting will be taught by a native of Switzerland—an excellent gentleman.

The management of the school secures the best moral, mental and religious interest of pupils.

Expenses

are light, owing to location, &c.
Tuition from \$1.50 to \$4.00.
Music from \$3.00 to \$4.00.
Boarding \$10.00 for scholastic month.
For Circular or Catalogue, Address
Rev. I. L. BURROW, Pres.
Or, J. P. COLEMAN, Sec'y.
Altus, Ark. July 12, 84-tf.

Searcy College

MALE AND FEMALE,
OPENS SEPTEMBER 1st, 1884.

ADVANTAGES SUPERIOR.

Seven progressive teachers. Complete course of study in each department. College within 200 yards of the celebrated White Sulphur Springs. Prohibition in full force. Terms liberal. Send for catalogue.

CONGER & THARP, Principals,
Searcy, Ark.

THE ARKANSAS METHODIST.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 3, 1884.

Temperance.

Our Legislature is soon to convene, and our people are becoming somewhat nervous and excited as to what is likely to be their action on our Temperance laws. We candidly give our opinion, and of course our friends will take it for what it is worth. We do not believe there will be any material modification or change in our present good laws: Indeed, we do not see the need of any. Some are nervous lest they should tamper with what is known as the "Three Mile Law." We say, never. We don't believe a Legislature could be elected in this state to interfere with that law. What! take away from our wives and mothers the power to protect their homes and save their husbands and sons. No, my readers, they will never do such a thing as that. We see our confere, the Gazette, copies an article from the Churchman, which, if believed and regarded literally, would at once set down all prohibitionists as crazy lunatics. The writer says "we are destroying labor and crippling industries for a class of men who do not ask help, and who can help themselves without our laws." Did the people of Arkansas consult the lunatics when they built the Asylum, or when they put them there? Then, why consult men crazy from drink? Can the writer stop all the wholesale destruction of life and property from whisky, while it continues to be made? Will the writer or the Gazette tell us the remedy for the evil of drunkenness, unless it be total abstinence. Can we expect, or reasonably hope for total abstinence while the country is full of saloons, carried on by men whose meat and bread depend on men drinking? Does not that writer know, and the Gazette too, that every saloon keeper and every distiller is interested in making the demand for the supply. And where is the demand to come from, except from another race of drunkards? We must stop the drunkard makers, if we wish to stop drunkenness; and this can only be done by law. But you interfere with men's right and the interest of labor. Do we consult these questions in any of our criminal laws? Men could very often make money if we would allow them all the rights they ask. But then, other people have rights; and the rights of all must be regarded. Our Legislature must not tamper with our "Three Mile Law;" and there is only one change we ask in our "Local Option Law," and that is, that whenever a majority of the people vote against license, that no license shall then be granted in the state. Give us this, and then we will only ask to be let alone for another two years. We hope our temperance people throughout the state will not forget that our State Convention will convene in the Chapel of the First Presbyterian Church in Little Rock, on Tuesday night, January 27th, at 7 o'clock, for the transaction of business. We hope every county in the state will be represented. Where the counties cannot send representatives, then please instruct your representative in the Legislature to represent you. Let us come together in the spirit of the Great Master, to devise means for the destruction of this monster evil. Come, temperance people, be willing to sacrifice and work for the cause of humanity,—and show your devotion to your principles. The day of speedy and permanent success begins to dawn. Let us be up and doing. Remember time and place, Jan 27th, at 7, p. m., in the chapel of the First Presbyterian church, in Little Rock, corner of Fifth and Scott.

A. R. WINFIELD,
Pres. S. C. T. U.

Fifty-two solcons in Little Rock to greet our coming representatives—and show how beautifully a first-class city can be run on whiskey or blood money. Only watch around, gentlemen, you need not go in one (for really they are no fit place for law makers); and you can see their outwardness; then go to the police court in the morning, and you can see their inwardness. And don't forget that one of these whiskey men is said to have loaded a few cars to destroy your legislation. Our streets and sidewalks are the commentaries on whiskey.

HERE COME BEFORE YOU

GUS. BLASS & CO.,

MAMMOTH CLOTHIERS AND DEALERS IN DRY GOODS,
Better prepared than ever to give you the most Goods for the least money.

Our stock of Clothing is the largest in the State—bought for cash, and therefore we will designate a few prices. We will offer for the next Thirty Days—

500 Child's suits at from	\$2 50 to \$5 00	500 Men's all wool casimere suits at	\$10 00
500 Child's suits at from	4 00 to 6 00	500 " " " " " "	\$12 to \$15 00
1000 School suits at from	5 00 to 8 00	500 " " " " " "	15 to 25 00
1000 Boys suits at from	6 00 to 14 00		

We also wish to say that our assortment in **MINISTERS' OUTFITS** is complete and sold at astonishingly low prices.

The articles in the Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Ladies and Gents Furnishing Goods Departments are too numerous to mention; therefore, we ask one and all to give us a call,

And be convinced that this is no humbug, but **SOLID FACTS** as they are always told from the **HEADQUARTERS** of

GUS. BLASS & CO.,
314 & 316 Main St., LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

LARGEST FURNITURE HOUSE IN ARKANSAS!
Max. Parker,

110 EAST MARKHAM ST., — — LITTLE ROCK, ARK.
Sept. 1, '83-tf.

B. LOWENSTEIN & BRO'S.

NEW RETAIL STORES,
247 and 249 Main st., Memphis, Tenn.

DRY GOODS, CARPETS, UPHOLSTERY GOODS,
adies' and Misses' Shoes.

We keep only the best goods. (No shoddy.) Prices lower than any house in the city.

S. N. MARSHALL,
INSURANCE AGENT,

204 W. Markham Street, LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Representing the following well-known companies:

ROYAL, Liverpool	FIRE ASSOCIATION, Philadelphia,
IMPERIAL, London,	HOWARD, New York.
NORTHERN LONDON,	CITIZENS, St. Louis,
WESTERN, Toronto	FACTORS & TRADERS, N. O.
MANHATTAN LIFE, New York.	

Aggregate Assets Seventy-five Million Dollars.

May -84-ly.

Established in 1857.

J. V. ZIMMERMANN,

—DEALER IN—

WATCHES, CLOCKS, FINE JEWELRY AND DIAMONDS.

Solid Silver and Silver-Plated Ware. Gold Pens, Pencils and Tooth-Picks. Gold, Silver and Ivory-Headed Canes. Opera, Field and Marine Glasses. Spectacles and Eye-Glasses. Compasses. Thermometers. Gold and Silver Thimbles, etc.
Oct 4-'81-3m.

ADLER, GOLDMAN & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

Commission Merchants.

214 Gravier Street, NEW ORLEANS, LA. | 108 S. Main Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

GEO. F. ROZELLE,

General Agent for Flouring Mills

ROYAL PATENT,	ALL KINDS
GOLDEN CROWN,	PRODUCE
MORNING STAR,	ALWAYS ON HAND.
OLD GOLD,	

216 E. Markham St., Little Rock

Agent for Star Meal,
WOOD MAUDE MILLING COMPANY, ST. LOUIS, MO.
Sept. 20-84-tf.

Established in 1865.

Established in 1865.

FONES BROTHERS,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

Cutlery, Axes, Iron, Nails,
Cooking and Heating Stoves,

Avery & Sons' Plows, Oliver Chilled Plows, Rubber Belting.

Our stock is both large and complete; having a resident buyer in NEW YORK we are enabled to compete with any market.

200 & 202 MAIN STREET, - - - LITTLE ROCK, ARK.
Jan 12 1y.

A NEW ENTERPRISE!
METHODIST BOOK CONCERN.

C. C. CODDEN & CO., PROP'RS.

604 1-2 Main Street, Little Rock, Ark.

The only Southern Methodist Book Concern in the State. Carry the publications of the Southern Methodist Publishing House, Nashville, Tenn.; the latest hymn and tune church and Sunday-school song books. Also standard secular publications and periodicals, stationery, notions, etc.

Good Quality and Close Prices.

Prompt attention given all orders.

mar 22-84 tf

COLE & DOW,

(OPPOSITE GRAND OPERA HOUSE.)

DEALERS IN

Lace Curtains, Oil Cloths,

Carpets, Rugs, Matting

—AND—

UPHOLSTERY GOODS.

Salesmen:
S. J. BEAUCHAMP,
L. G. POLK.

309 & 311 Main St., LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

SMITH & CO.'S

Music House

Sole Agents For

Steinway & Sons and Knabe

PIANOS ALSO FOR **KRANICH AND BACH, E. GABLER & BRO.**
WHELOCK AND C. D. PEASE & CO.

ORGANS: **MASON & HAMLIN**
AND
CHICAGO ORGAN.

INSTRUMENTS SOLD ON EASY TERMS.
Main St., LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

WILSON & WEBB,

212 MAIN ST., - - - LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

Wall Paper, Sheet Music, Notions, etc., etc.

AGENTS WANTED STOCK-DOCTOR

FOR THE PICTORIAL COMPLETE Embracing Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Bees and Dogs. By Hon. J. Perkins, Editor "Prairie Farmer" and Dr. A. B. Baker, V. S. Covers every subject pertaining to stock both in Health and Disease. Two charts for telling ages of Horses and Cattle, 720 Engravings and 14 Colored Plates. Farmers clear \$100 a month. **ACT NOW!** Exclusive Territory. For Confidential Terms, Testimonials **N. D. Thompson & Co.,** Pubs. or, New York, and "Extracts from Agents' Reports," etc., address

KENTUCKY MILITARY INSTITUTE.



At Farmdale P. O., Franklin Co., Ky., six miles from Frankfort. Has the most healthful and beautiful location in the State. Lit by gas as well as heated by steam. A full and able College Faculty. Expenses as moderate as any first-class college. For-tieth year begins September 1st. For catalogues, etc., address as above. **COL. R. D. ALLEN,** Supt.

THE ARKANSAS METHODIST.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

Entered at the Post office at Little Rock Ark., as second-class mail matter.

Office: 214 1-2 East Markham Street.
LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 3, 1885.

Owing to high water we are delayed in bringing out our minutes. We have no press of our own. Our work will probably be done in Nashville. They will pay you to wait patiently. I am doing my best.

A. R. WINFIELD.

1884 CLOSES, 1885 BEGINS.

Another year of our world's history is in the tomb with the buried centuries, and another begins its march to the same sepulchre. Time has been defined thus: "A fragment of eternity broken off at both ends." Time to man is the period from his first to his last breath. It is a strange fact; yet no stranger than true, that man is a compound of life and death, and that both begin at one and the same moment. The first appearance of life is also the beginning of death, and life is but a continued march from the womb to the tomb. The very first heart beat is also the stifled note of the muffled drum beating its funeral march toward the Silent City, a march that has neither interlude or prelude, but goes right straight forward to its fatal termination. Life is a great drama in which every man is a chief actor. The curtains continue to rise and fall till the last tragic scene is past, and then time gives way to eternity, and the actor enters on his endless state. Life is no mockery and man is no fictitious being, neither is he stock or stone. He belongs to the animals in the lowest portion of his being, and in his higher instincts and capabilities he is related to the Gods. Time to such a being as this must be a boon from God, and have a most wondrous significance. What is this significance? Is it not an opportune moment to inquire? We are now standing around the dying couch of 1884. Three hundred and sixty-five witnesses are about to go forward to bear testimony for or against us; either to tell of faithful diligence or criminal negligence. Either to tell of work well done, or talents buried and time wasted. We must not spend these closing hours of the dying year, in mournful reflections of the past or gloomy forebodings of the future. Let us leave the task to others, my readers, of writing up the historical part that 1884 has performed in the history of our world. Let others write of the change of administration in our own country and the struggles of the nations in the old world for the mastery, but let us look at ourselves in this solemn moment of death. Let our questions be pertinent, piercing, probing and personal, and our answers honest and conscientious. What have I done for humanity in 1884? What for God? What for his church? How have I lived? Let me examine the records of memory and see the assets and debts. How stands my account? Ah, me! how many are distressing themselves at unpaid debts and unmet obligations, and how many are gloomy over the wherewithal shall I be clothed and fed for 1885. My readers there are matters of greater moment on hand now. The records of eternity are before you. Will you examine them? Step near and catch the words of the dying year. Ask, Old year what witness dost thou carry to eternity concerning me? Dost thou go to tell of my unfaithfulness, and register my unpardoned sins? Sop, oh! dying one, and let me whisper in thy ear, wait on me for a few moments. No, I cannot wait, my summons comes and I must go. Well, then, tell thy great mother, eternity, that a trembling soul with penitent tears kneeled around thy dying couch and promised faithfully before God a better life for 1885. Stop! The last foot fall of time is heard in the click of the old family clock as it tells the last second of the old year, and then the roar of the machinery and the death knell is heard and 1884 is dead, and the old clock ticks again and a bright new year is ushered in. Hail, 1885! Hap-

py New Year! is heard around the house, and from tongue to tongue it is repeated. A very happy new year to all. But, my readers, truths are eternal and facts are unchanging. There is no real happiness outside the path of duty, and as in the past, so in the future, we will be miserable and unhappy unless we seek unto God for a new heart and then lead a new life. How will we begin and how will we spend 1885? Let us beseech the readers of this article to begin with a firm resolve to live nearer to God and do more good than you have ever done in any year before. Rise early and let your first act be one of unreserved consecration to God, or if this article reaches you after New Year's Day, then begin with the first Sabbath. Make this your rule. Begin every day with reading a chapter in the bible and secret prayer. Live every day with the fear of God before your eyes. Close every day by close, self-examination, and do not try to sleep without a conscience void of offence toward God and man. Happy New Year to all the readers of the ARKANSAS METHODIST, and all will have it who will walk and live by the rule indicated. How many will try it? This writer will try to be one.

Our Centenary.

Has come and gone. It was to us seemingly strange and inappropriate to have had it on the 9th, instead of the 24th of December; but that is one of these questions of meat and drink that ought not to disturb the Christian heart or interrupt Christian fellowship. It is agreed that it was a very grand affair in every respect. Over four hundred delegates were in attendance, and could not begin to test the strength of Baltimore hospitality. It met in Mt. Vernon Chch, the finest Methodist Church in America, or perhaps in the world. Bishop Wilson presided on the first night, or rather administered the Holy Communion, Bishop Andrew, of the M. E. Church, delivered the welcome address, and Bishop Foster, of the same Church, the opening sermon, (we believe this honor was intended for our silver tongued orator, Bishop Pierce, but the Master had called him,) and both are said to have acquitted themselves in fine style. Our own inimitable Dr Jno. B. McFerrin was among the number who responded to the address of welcome. It is said he was the "belle of the occasion;" well, he is the "bell weather" of any occasion. Only one, and no room for another McFerrin—in fact we could not stand two. We have only seen a few copies of the Daily sent to our Junior, as our Bro. Boyle did not think enough of our sheet to honor us with an exchange and we can only say it was too small for the occasion. It was filled with the massive essays—and we lost the proceedings. Such documents are only seen once in a life time, and to read all of them would be the death of any man. Oh, me, how heavy! It is said they were pure gold. Well, this editor will let that opinion stand, for if he were to undertake to read them, either he or the ARKANSAS METHODIST would die, and perhaps both; so for the sake of future generations it cannot be undertaken. There was much good preaching and as much good speaking from the three recesses as could possibly be had in that length of time. Every man did his best that could get five minutes, but it is agreed that Drs. Edwards and Marshall, of the Church South, distanced all the rest, but our "Brother in black," made a good race. Fraternity increased wonderfully, and may be will continue to grow unless there should be another meeting of the Northern Board to discuss the "Southern Field" and its demands, in such an event there may be a little revival of old memories, and the echoes of ku-klux guns may be heard again. Old Santa Clans failed to put in his appearance with Organio Union, for Dr. H. B. Ridgeway, whose eloquence charmed but did not captivate the Southern General Conference in 1882. But what of our Centenary? Well, it has given a new impetus to the active forces of organio Methodism, and sent the blood with a greater bound all through the Methodist body. It was no failure. Our people will love their Church better, and the Church will greatly enlarge her borders. Our good is not to be measured by mere dollars and

cents. Who can tell the result of all the information that has been given to our people this Centennial year? Who can tell the effects or estimate the good of bringing out old Methodist memories and bringing the Methodist family nearer together. We know each other better now, and we will love each other more. Methodism is a unit everywhere in her doctrines, however much we may vary in our usages. This Centenary has brought our great lights together, and they have united Methodism in heart, which is far better than a mere organic union existing only in conference bounds. We go forward now to the worlds conquest. The present actors will not live to see it, but our Methodism will take this world in an other hundred years, and the next centenary will be after millennial style. The history of the Wesley's and their co-adjutors have kindled the fires anew in the old Methodist furnaces, and the engines will soon move off at greater and grander speed than ever. The Centennial inspection is over and the old vessessel is pronounced all right and sea proof, and with her papers renewed she enters upon another voyage. The winds are favorable, the sky is clear and we launch boldly out with flying colors, to bear Salvator's message to all the world.

Centennial Notes.

EDITORS METHODIST:—The first General Conference of Methodism in America was held in the city of Baltimore in 1784. Out of 80 traveling preachers 60 were present. They had been called together by Rev. Thos. Coke, L.L. D., who had been set apart to the office of Bishop by Mr. John Wesley and others, for the special superintendence of the work of God in America. The first work of the Christmas Conference was to recognize Dr. Coke as Superintendent. This being done Francis Asbury was also elected to the same office and ordained by Dr. Coke and other Elders present. The war that resulted in the independence of the colonies was past, God had given freedom to a nation, and it was wise to recognize his hand and free Methodism from all entangling alliances with that form of christianity in the mother country. And so Wesley, who regarded himself as the father, under God, of the Methodist movement, could not but feel a deep interest in the work in America. It had been introduced into New York by Phillip Embury, a local preacher, and a small society organized. About the same time Robt. Strawbridge had organized a little band in Maryland. He was also a local preacher. Working on his farm through the week he preached on Sunday, his preaching resulted in the awakening and conversion of his neighbors on "Sams Creek," and it is now a matter in controversy whether New York or Maryland is entitled to the honor of giving birth to the first organization of Methodism on American soil. The evidence favors Maryland. The history of Methodism in the United States is intimately associated with that of Baltimore. In 1769 Robt. Williams, who preceded Boardman and Pilmoor to New York, after their arrival passed into Maryland and their co-operated with Strawbridge, and extended the work beyond the bounds formerly occupied. The following year they were joined by John King, an earnest and zealous young man, whose whole soul was in the work of revival. Shortly after Mr. Asbury arrived he visited Maryland, and gave form and compactness to the movement. John King preached the first Methodist sermon in Baltimore, having for his pulpit a blacksmith's block at the junction of Front and French Streets. Under this sermon the Deputy Surveyor of the county was awakened and converted. Little was accomplished, however, until Nov. 1772, Mr. Asbury visited Baltimore and commenced preaching at what is still called the Point, and in the town proper, and early in 1773 he succeeded in organizing two classes. In 1774 two lots of "ground" were purchased and a church was erected in "Lovely Lane" in which the first Annual Conference in Baltimore met in 1776. In 1784 in this chapel the Methodist Church was organized. The Church was especially fitted up for the occasion. The seats, which were only common benches, had "backs put to them." A gallery was erected, and

for the first time a stove was put in to warm it. Such was the beginning of Methodism in the monumental city. To-day in all her branches she numbers in the city 106 Churches, and on the Centennial Sabbath Methodism brought together 25,000 Sabbath-school scholars and teachers in twenty-one different churches, six schools joining in each church.

The assembling of the Centennial Conference Dec. 9-17, made Baltimore the center of Methodism in this country for the time being, as it was the birth place of organized Methodism a hundred years ago. Methodists have wondered why the conference did not embrace the Christmas festival proper. The answer is the impossibility of procuring such help as is necessary in the Christmas season. In the Christmas season they cannot say to one "go and he goeth," and to another, "come, and he cometh." Servants as cooks and helps for the families cannot be secured at that time, and hence as a matter of necessity, the Conference, if held at all, must be held either before or after Christmas.

The Conference was composed of over 500 delegates, representing all branches of Methodism in the United States and Canada, except non-episcopal, such as the Methodist Protestant Church. The assemblage being a Centennial celebration of the organization of the Methodist Episcopal Church, the Methodist Protestant Church, which does not adhere to the episcopacy, did not participate in the proceedings of the body, though that Church did appoint four of her ablest members as fraternal delegates, who were listened to with great pleasure on Thursday evening. Though the Conference was a delegated body, it had no power to legislate or form rules for the government of the Church like a General Conference. Learned essayists of the various branches of Methodism did tell of the work of the Christmas Conference held in Baltimore one hundred years ago; of what the great and good men of Methodism did; they told of the causes of the success of Methodism; they referred to the work of Methodist pioneers; of the aim and character of Methodism; the value of the press to Methodism; what Methodism owes to woman and other kindred subjects of like interest to the great body of Methodists in the country. The assembling together of so large a body bound together by kindred ties of religious association, was one grand love-feast, such as is not likely to occur more than once in a century.

To the thoughtful mind there is something marvelous in the growth of Methodism, both in America and in the mother country. With a membership of five millions, and three times that many adherents; she is found everywhere. The sun never sets on her churches, and the trumpet calls of her faithful ministers are heard on every mountain and in every valley, on every continent and island, "What hath God wrought?" John Wesley said when dying, "the best of all is God is with us."

To God all this marvelous success is to be traced. John Wesley was converted, he told his experience, that experience harmonized with the petitions, in the prayers, in the church service of the establishment—more, it was in harmony with the teachings of Christ and the apostles. It was the old pentecostal fire re-kindled, and cold, torpid, souls in the church, as well as in the world, felt the heat of that fire. More and more it spread and grew until in this Centennial year of Methodism in America more than five millions rejoice and consider it a privilege to be known as soldiers of the cross, marching under the banner borne by Methodism. For every effect there is a cause. What is the cause of this marvelous success? This question has been answered various ways. Without attempting to philosophise, it may be said that Methodism introduced a kind of preaching that was new to the masses. The first Methodist preachers relied on the Holy Spirit as the efficient agent in the awakening and conversion of sinners. The innate depravity and wickedness of the human heart was emphasized. Sin was shown to be exceedingly sinful. Christ, as a complete personal Saviour from sin, was presented to the sin sick soul. The knowledge of sin forgiven as the priv-

ilege of every one that trusted Christ was magnified in the sermons of these early Methodist preachers. And, although, this way was spoken against by the formalists of that day, the converts were multiplied. And then there was no settled pastorate. The itinerant system of preaching the gospel has had much to do with the success of Methodism. Our Master inaugurated it when he sent out his disciples in his life time, and his last command was "go into all the world, &c." Methodism owes much to her itinerancy. In her there are no Churches without pastors, nor is there a pastor without a charge; so that there is a place to work for every one disposed to enter the field. To no one thing under God is Methodism indebted more than to her itinerant mode of preaching the Gospel. Her class-leaders of the early days were sub-pastors, who took charge of the flock in the absence of the shepherd, and so there was a constant pastoral care of the membership. This is the glory of Methodism to this day. And while Methodism preaches as she has preached and preaches every where, we have no cause to fear the departure of our glory. Our doctrines and polity were the subjects of some of the best essays ever written, which were read at the Centennial Conference and which will be published in book form shortly. The utmost harmony and good feeling prevailed during the Conference, which closed with a Love Feast, that was a fore-taste of a feast of love to be enjoyed by God's people in the upper temple. More anon.

A. HUNTER.

OFFERS TO PREACHERS.

For 5 subscribers, with the cash—we charge you nothing for your paper.
For 7, with the cash, "McTyeire's History of Methodism," price \$2 00, and your paper.
For 10, with cash, "Watson's Institutes" or "Ralston's Elements of Divinity," price \$4 00, and your paper.
For 14, with cash, a set of "Wesley's Sermons," in sheep, or "Watson's Bible Dictionary," price \$5 00, and your paper.
For 20, with the cash, "Webster's Unabridged Dictionary," price \$12 00, and your paper.
For 25, with the cash, "Webster's Dictionary," and "Watson's Institutes" or "Ralston's Elements of Divinity," price of both, \$16 00, and your paper.
For 50, with the cash, a complete set of "Clark's Commentaries," in calf, price \$24 00, and your paper.

Above will be found the offers made to the Arkansas Annual Conference, and we now extend them to all the Conferences in this State—preachers and laymen alike, with one exception, we cannot give laymen their papers.

All must understand that they must notify us what number they are aiming for, and what books they expect to receive—and under no circumstances will we send any books unless the money is in the office, as we cannot run these accounts from one Conference to another.

Let our preachers begin the canvass at once. Now is your time to work. Money can be had for the paper for the next two or three months, and then there will be no more, or very little at least, for the next eight months. Push the work, and remit the money with the subscribers. Hurry up. We earnestly desire to enlarge the paper. Help us to do it. Don't listen at complaining people. We do, and will, give as much reading matter as any paper in the Church of the same size and at our price. Try us and see.

Who will be the first to send us a list from his new field? We send you some of our old accounts. Brethren, will you please collect for us, and remit at once?

P. S.—Our preachers in the Arkansas Conference will see that we have changed our terms somewhat, in raising the number of subscribers in every offer except the two last. We were forced to do this or to lose money; and we know our brethren do not wish us to do this. They are certainly the best offers ever made to our preachers by any paper in the Connection; and we hope our brethren will appreciate it, and show their appreciation by continued and unremitting efforts in our behalf, and theirs too.

Work! Work! Work! brethren, work now, and work all the while, and you will rest after awhile.

CATARRH

CATARRH IS A DANGEROUS DISEASE, yet it can be cured by the use of our *Catarrh Specific*. Thousands suffer without knowing the nature of this almost universal complaint. It is an inflammation or ulceration of the lining membrane of the nasal passages. There are several varieties of Catarrh, with widely different symptoms. The most common kind is characterized by an excessive secretion of mucus or matter in the nasal passages, which must either be blown from the nose, or drop back behind the palate, or is hawked or snuffed backward to the throat.

Other indications are hawking, spitting, weak and inflamed eyes, frequent soreness of the throat, often ringing or roaring or other noises in the ears, more or less impairment of the hearing, loss of smell, memory impaired, dullness and dizziness of the head, and dryness and heat of the nose.

All persons thus affected take cold easily. The breath sometimes reveals to all around the corruption within, while the patient often loses all sense of smell. The disease advances covertly, until pain in the chest, lungs or bowels, startles him; he hacks and coughs, has dyspepsia, liver complaint, and is urged by his doctor to take this or that; perhaps cod liver oil is prescribed. Perfectly ridiculous! The foul ulcers in the head cannot be reached by pouring such stuff into the poor, jaded stomach. The patient's voice is hoarse; the voice harsh and unnatural; he feels disheartened; memory loses its power; judgment her zeal; gloomy forebodings hang overhead; hundreds, yes thousands, in such circumstances, feel that to die would be a relief, and many even do cut the thread of life to end their sorrows.

Thousands are Dying

In early life with consumption, who can look back a few years—perhaps only months when it was Catarrh. Neglected when a cure is possible, very soon it will transform the features of health and youth into the dark, pallid appearance; while the hacking cough, the excess of blood gushing from the lungs, or night sweats, all significantly proclaim it is too late; and thus a neglected Catarrh ends in the consumptive's grave.

Nasal Catarrh.

Sometimes the disease only affects the membranes lining the nasal passages, and they may be easily reached and cured by simple means. But when it is located in the "frontal sinus," or in the "posterior sinuses," or if it has entered the "Eustachian tubes," and is injuring the ears, nothing but finely medicated vapor can effectually reach it and destroy it. And certainly after it has affected the throat and bronchial tubes, as all well read physicians will readily attest, nothing can be relied on to effect a permanent cure but the inhalation of properly medicated vapor. In the same manner that we breathe a common air we can inhale and breathe a medicated air; and it is perfectly simple, any one can see thus to treat a disease of the throat, bronchial tubes and lungs. How much better this method by which remedies are conveyed directly to the seat of the disease, than to resort to the uncertain and too frequently mischievous action of medicines taken into the stomach.

The Cold Air Inhaling Balm.

This part of my treatment I regard as very important, especially in warding off colds (which is half the battle), and in relieving the head and lungs while under their effects. The balm is composed of several kinds of gums, balsams, firs and essential oils which are separately used by the best physicians in treating throat, bronchial and lung diseases. These I have combined and concentrated their virtues, which, by the inhaling process, are drawn through the various passages of the head and respiratory organs, reaching and healing every irritated spot. If used when cold first makes its appearance—which usually begins by irritation of the mucus lining of the nose, and a sneeze, which is nature's emphatic warning—it will invariably check it; and by producing a quicker circulation, and by throwing the blood to the surface, the bad effects of a cold are warded off. It is pleasant to use and almost instant in its effects.

Some Bad Symptoms.

The long continued corruption of the air that is breathed passing over the foul matter in the nasal passages poisons the lungs and from thence the blood. The morbid matter that is swallowed during sleep passes into the stomach, enfeebles the digestion, vitiates the secretions and pollutes the very fountains of life. The patient becomes feverish occasionally, there is less buoyancy of spirits, and the appetite is often fickle, the head less clear, it is difficult to keep the energies up to the old standard, and often without knowing why, he is conscious that he is not as well all the time as he used to be. These symptoms indicate that the vital organs are becoming impaired so that they cannot perform their natural healthy functions. Our constitutional treatment is devised to assist nature in removing all poisonous material from the system and to neutralize and counteract its baleful effects on the vital organs and on the blood.

AMONG WOMEN Catarrh is very common. The decree of fashion compel women to go from the dry atmosphere of furnace-heated houses into the open air, with the head poorly protected. Many suffer keenly from bronchitis and difficulties of the throat and lungs.

TEACHERS IN OUR SCHOOLS are greatly subject to this fearful malady. Confinement in close, ill ventilated school-rooms; the overheated atmosphere, charged with the steaming poison exuding from the bodies of the not always over-clean children, breed this disease with fearful rapidity.

LAWYERS IN THE COURT ROOM and Judges on the bench, from the same general cause, are too often afflicted in the same way.

MINISTERS OF THE GOSPEL, after leaving the pulpit over-heated with the strain of their mental and physical effort, neglect sufficient precaution and cold is the result. This neglect opens the way to Catarrh, and to a possible loss of voice. I have suffered so keenly myself that I cannot urge upon public speakers too strongly the necessity of removing this disease while a cure is possible.



My Experience.
EIGHTEEN YEARS of terrible headache, disgusting nasal discharges, dryness of the throat, acute bronchitis, coughing, soreness of the lungs, rising bloody mucus, and even night sweats, incapacitating me from my professional duties, and bringing me to the verge of the grave—all were caused by, and the results of, nasal catarrh. After spending hundreds of dollars and obtaining no relief, I compounded my Catarrh Specific and Cold Air Inhaling Balm, and wrought upon myself a wonderful cure. Now I can speak for hours with no difficulty, and can breathe freely in any atmosphere. At the calls of numerous friends I have given my cure to the public, and have now thousands of patients in all parts of the country, and thousands of happy fellow-beings and thousands of happy fellow-beings whose sufferings I have relieved, my cure is certain, thorough and perfect, and is endorsed by every physician who has examined it. If I cannot relieve my fellow-beings as I have been relieved of this loathsome disease, which makes the possessor at once disgusting to himself and others, I shall be satisfied and feel that I have done my little toward removing the ills of mankind.

Address,
DR. T. P. CHILDS, TROY, OHIO.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Dr. J. J. McAlmont.
OFFICE—213 East Eighth Street.
RESIDENCE—800 Cumberland Street.
Oct. 11 '84-ly.

DR. P. O. HOOPER. DR. A. L. BREYSACHER.
DRS. HOOPER & BREYSACHER.
Little Rock, Ark.
OFFICE—Adams Block, corner Main and Markham Streets. Sept. 13 '84.

DR. D. J. PRATHER.
Office—112 West Seventh street, near corner Seventh and Main.
Residence—Corner Fifteen and Arch.
Sept. 13 '84-ly.

JOHN V. SPRING, M. D.
Eye, Ear, Throat & Nose.
OFFICE OVER E. L. TAYLOR & CO.
PINE BLUFF, ARK.

Dr. T. E. Murrell,
320 West Markham Street,
LITTLE ROCK, ARK.,
Practice limited to
Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose.
Office hours—9 a.m. to 12m.; 2 to 5 p.m.

DR. E. CROSS. DR. C. WATKINS.
CROSS & WATKINS,
Office: Over Ostrander & Hogan's hardware store, corner Main and Third streets.
Residences. Dr. Cross, 520 West Third street; Dr. Watkins, 411 Cumberland street.

Dr. J. M. Hill,
Operates for Piles or Hemorrhoids, Fistula in Ano, Ulcer, Fissure, and all diseases of the Rectum. Guarantees a cure in every case of Piles without pain or Hindrance from business. Names of parties cured furnished at office, corner Main and Second, over Hall & Matthews', Little Rock. Office hours (daily, except Sundays), 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m.
Consultation free. Patients can come from almost any part of the State, receive treatment and return same day.
Sept 6-'84-ly.

T. E. GIBBON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS.
Practice in all Courts of the State, and Federal Courts at Little Rock.
Collections and Commercial Law a Specialty.

Refers by permission to
Hon. Henry C. Caldwell, U. S. Judge.
E. H. English, Chief Justice of Arkansas.
Jan. 1, '83-ly

Lewis House,
CORNER 3d AND CENTER.
This new and elegant Hotel
OPENED OCTOBER FIRST.
Her many friends who have stopped with her at Fourth and Rock, are requested to note the change.
Sept 6-'84-1m.

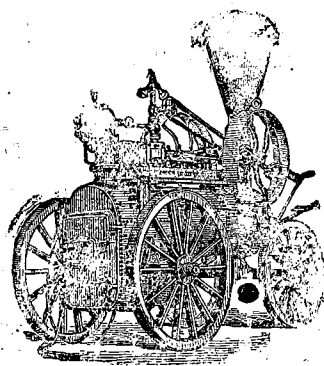
Priddy House,
(Formerly Commercial.)
Cor. Front & Jefferson Sts.,
MEMPHIS.
This house has been thoroughly repaired and fitted up with new furniture.
J. H. PRIDDY,
Richmond, (Va.) Proprietor.
Nov 25, '82-ly

Ed. Barton,
WITH
MEYBERG, ROTHSCHILD BROTHERS.
HATS, CAPS AND UMBRELLAS.
401 & 403 N Broadway,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills are the best medicine that can be employed to correct irregularities of the stomach and bowels. Gentle, yet thorough, in their action, they cure constipation, stimulate the digestive organs and the appetite, and cleanse, build up, and strengthen the system.

Watches, Diamonds, Silverware, and the best of Solid Gold Goods in every variety at V. B. THAYER'S, who never misrepresents his goods. Repairing of fine watches and jewelry specialties.
2-1 ly 265 Main St., Memphis Tenn.

Machinery! Machinery!



BAIRD & BRIGHT,

LITTLE ROCK, ARK.,

STATE AGENTS for the finest line of

First-class machinery

In the South.

Ames' Portable and Stationary Engines and Boilers. Skinner & Wood Ginning Engines, perfectly noiseless and make no sparks. Brennan & Co's. Saw Mills, Lathe Mills and Shingle Machines. The Bradford Cora and Wheat Mills, Kentucky Sorghum or Cane Mills. Kentucky self-skimming Evaporators. Cook's Evaporators. Millburn's Anti-Friction Roller Breast Cotton Gin—the only gin that will gin wet cotton. The Centennial Gins, Eagle Gins and Lummus Gins. Ivens Self Returning Screw Cotton Press. Perkins & Co's Shingle Machines. Jones' 5-ton Wagon Scales—Jones, he pays the freight. J. S. Case & Co., Threshers and Separators. Rawson Mowers and Reapers. Thomas' Rakes.

Write for Circulars, prices and terms to

Baird & Bright,

April 28, '83-ly. 309 & 311 W. Markham St., LITTLE ROCK, ARK

CHAS. T. ABELES & CO.

(SUCCESSORS TO HENDRICKS & ABELES.)

Manufacturers, and Dealers in

PAINTS, OILS & WINDOW GLASS

Sash, Doors and Blinds,

WALL PAPER & WINDOW SHADES

Picture Frames, Mouldings, Mirrors, &c., &c.

215 MAIN STREET - - - - - LITTLE ROCK, ARK.
Apr 14, '83-ly

Arkansaw's GREAT LIVER REMEDY!



Warranted Purely Vegetable and will not salivate.
IT IS NATURE'S REMEDY FOR
MALARIA, LIVER COMPLAINT
SICK HEADACHE AND BILIOUSNESS.

Sold by Wholesale and Retail Druggists everywhere.
W. H. KIRKWOOD, Proprietor, St. Louis, Mo.

Daily \$10.00 per year; Weekly \$1.50; Sunday \$2.

GAZETTE
PRINTING
Company,
LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

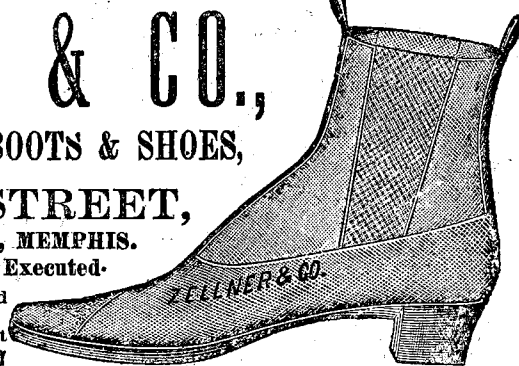
MENTI:
Largest and most complete in South-west.
BINDERY First-Class and Work Warranted.
FINE WORK A SPECIALTY.

Address Gazette Printing Co., Little Rock, Ark.

THE SHOE STORE OF THE SOUTHWEST

ZELLNER & CO.,
LEADERS IN FINE BOOTS & SHOES,
300 MAIN STREET,
Opposite Peabody Hotel, MEMPHIS.
Orders from Abroad Promptly Executed.

We refund money for Goods returned in good condition.
Catalogues and Price-List sent Free on application.
July 15 to January 1.



PAT. SHIELDS
WITH

Ely and Walker Dry Goods Co.,
Importers and Jobbers of
Dry Goods and Notions.
Fifth and St. Charles Streets, ST. LOUIS, MO.

ARKANSAS METHODIST.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 3, 1885.

Little Helpers.

H. M. GRANADE, Editor.
Batesville, Ark.

Little Helpers Report.

Raised in 1884, in White River Conference, most of it in Batesville District, by the Little Helpers jugs, banks, chickens, jobs, savings, free-will offerings, quilts, etc., \$100, to be applied (part already gone on to the Missionaries) to the General Centenary Fund.

Well done! Try again!!

H. M. GRANADE, Manager.

Sulphur Rock Helpers.

Sadie Randle raised the highest amount of money—\$4.00—during 1884 to help in doing good and received the prize of a beautiful Bible.

Willie Cochran, the next highest, raised \$2.00 and received "Vinnie Leal's Trip," a lovely little book; and little "Callie Tichnor" was the next highest, raising 65 cents, and received "Heirs of the Kingdom;" the very thing for any little boy or girl who wants to be wise and good, or for parents who want help in the proper training of their little ones. Dow Herrington and Tommie Baygent each paid 15 cents.

Now let us all begin anew, with the opening of a new year, to read, work, pray, watch, give and do all the good we can.

Children's Aid Society.

This society, which is all the while enlarging the sphere of its operations and extending its beneficent work, recently held its thirty-second annual meeting. The receipts and expenditures of the society for the last year were the largest in its history. Extra expenses were incurred in fitting up the West Side Lodging house, at the new Health Home, on Coney Island, and the new Summer Home, at Bath, Long Island. The receipts for the year were \$283,485.70. The sum of \$28,539.66 was received from lodging houses alone. The current expenses for the year were \$216,496.49. The new buildings and paid interest on temporary loans increased the outlay to \$280,702.36, thus leaving a cash balance on hand of \$2,783.34. In its whole term of useful existence the society has paid out \$2,960,905.48 and owns nine convenient and serviceable buildings, free from debt or other incumbrance.

According to statistics compiled by the Secretary, more than 250,000 different boys and girls have been sheltered, warmed and fed in the lodging houses of the society in the past thirty years. Over 200,000 little girls have been taught some useful occupation in the industrial schools. Of all these little ones it is not known that even a score have entered on criminal courses of life or become drunkards, although four-fifths of them were the children of drunkards. The total number placed out by the society, mainly in Western homes, during last year was 3,459; the total cost for railroad fares, clothing, food, salaries, etc., was \$31,070; the average cost, accordingly for each person was \$9. Yet any one of these children placed in an asylum or poor-house for a year would have cost undoubtedly nearly \$140. The number who enjoyed the benefit of the "Summer Home" was 4,152; the net expense, deducting construction, was \$6,669.99; the average cost for each child, \$1.60. Since 1853 the aggregate number of persons sent to distant homes is 74,179. Several reports were read from resident Western agents giving information about children "placed" by the society from 20 to 25 years ago. Most of them had comfortable homes and families of their own, and were respected citizens in the communities where they lived. Not a few had attained positions of public prominence.

The following officers were re-elected: William A. Booth, President; Geo. S. Coe, Treasurer; Charles L. Brace, Secretary.—Ex.

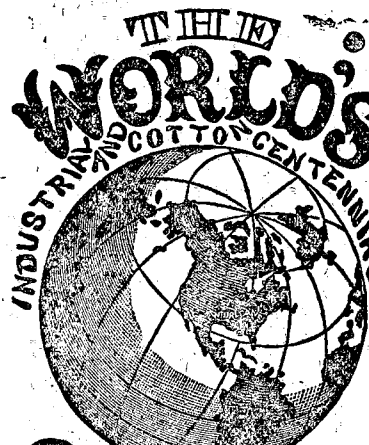
It is said that "a fool's tongue is long enough to cut his throat." Children, bridle the tongue.

IT PAYS to sell our Rubber Stamps. Free catalogue to Agents. Foljambe & Co., Cleveland O.

Arkansaw Steam Dye Co.,
No. 717 MAIN STREET,
LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS,
Will Dye Ladies' Dresses
without ripping up.
Gent's Eine Clothing Dyed. Will not
Color the Lining,
Hats, &c., Cleaned in the best of style.
feb9'1 A. J. CARDEN, Manager.

N. B. WILLIAMSON.
203 East Markham.
TONSORIAL ARTIST,
For a clean, easy shave, practical hair
cut, and splendid baths, Williamson's is
the place to go. He has no superior,
Sept. 13, 1y

J. M. COLBURN & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
604 MAIN STREET,
LITTLE ROCK, - - - ARKANSAS.
PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.
Nov. 17, 83-tf



WORLD'S COTTON CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION
New Orleans.

Opening December 1, 1884; Closing May 31, 1885.
— UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE —
United States Government.
\$1,300,000,
Appropriated by the General Government.
\$500,000,
Contributed by the Citizens of New Orleans.
\$200,000,
Appropriated by Mexico.
\$100,000,
Appropriated by the State of Louisiana.
\$100,000,
Appropriated by the City of New Orleans.
From \$5000 to \$25,000,
Appropriated by Innumerable States, Cities
and Foreign Countries.
Every State and Territory in the Union represented,
and nearly all the Leading Nations and
Countries of the World.
The Biggest Exhibit, the Biggest Building and the
Biggest Industrial Event in the
World's History.
APPLICATIONS FOR EXHIBITS ALREADY RECEIVED
COVER MORE SPACE AND A GREATER VARIETY
OF SUBJECTS THAN THOSE OF ANY
EXPOSITION EVER HELD.
The cheapest rates of travel ever known in
the annals of transportation secured for the
people everywhere.
For information, address
E. A. BURKE,
Director General, W. L. & C. C. R.,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

C. M. McNEIL,
UNDERTAKER,
522 MAIN STREET, - LITTLE ROCK
Keeps constantly on hand
WOOD & METALIC
CASKETS
apr 12 84 ly

WILLIS McNAIR,
TONSORIAL ARTIST,
221 Main Street, LITTLE ROCK.

For a clean, comfortable shave, practical hair cut, and enjoyable bath, McNair's is the place to go. He has no superior in this city.
may-17 ly

IRWIN ART GALLERY,
No. 500 Main St., - - - Little Rock, Ark.
R. IRWIN HOWELL & SON,
PHOTOGRAPHERS.
Cerd. Photos \$2.00 per doz. Cabinets \$4. per doz.
100 Stamp Photos \$1.00, for Business or Visiting Cards.
une 28-6m.

Where do you Buy your Foot-Wear?
In Answering the Above Question we Simply Refer you to the
Reliable House of
G. J. LESCHER,
Dealer in Fine Boots, Shoes and Slippers. Leader in Low Prices.
116 EAST MARKHAM STREET, - - - LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

We are Prepared to Supply Dealers and Others with Our Unrivalled
LEADER
SEWING MACHINE,
With New Attachments—The Finest and Best in the
Market. The Easiest to Sell.
If there is no Dealer in your town, send for description of the LEADER.
C. A. STOCTON & CO,
504 Main St. Little Rock, Ark.,

J. F. Trumpler,
407 1-2 Main St., Little Rock,
---DEALER IN---
GUNS, GUN FIXTURES,
Amunition, Pocket Cutlery and Fishing Tackle, Caledonian Minnows, great variety of Spoon Trolls, Spinners, Frogs and Crawfish, Jointed Rods, Braided, Linen and Silk Lines, Oiled Sea Grass lines, Floats, all sizes Hooks of the best makes, from the smallest to the largest, Trammel Nets, &c.
Special attention given to repairing. All work guaranteed.
March 1st 84-ly.

FREE! FREE! FREE!
SECURE THE AGENCY FOR THE MOST PERFECT AND BEST
SEWING MACHINE IN THE WORLD, THE
New Wilson Oscillating Shuttle.
"WITHOUT A COMPETITOR!"
Is the Award at the Charleston Fair. We keep on hand all kinds of
Machines, Attachments, Needles, Oil, Thread, Etc.,
AND SELL AT LOWER PRICES THAN ANY HOUSE IN THE
SOUTH-WEST.
Save money and time by sending your Orders to Us. We guarantee satisfaction,
both as to Prices and Quality. For reference we refer, by PERMISSION,
to the Merchant's National Bank of Little Rock.
A GOOD, RELIABLE AGENT WANTED,
In each County and State. For full particulars address,
S. B. KIRBY & CO.,
Little Rock, Arkansas.
Mar 1st '84-ly

THE BEST GOODS, THE LARGEST STOCK.
THE LOWEST PRICES, AND THE EASIEST TERMS.
H. G. HOLLENBERG,
GREAT SOUTH-WESTERN
MUSIC HOUSE,
MEMPHIS, TENN. LITTLE ROCK, ARK.
The Wonderful Orguette and Cabinet.
---Agents Wanted In Every County---
PIANOS: CHICKERING, KNABE, HOLLENBERG, EMERSON.
ORGANS: BURDETTE, BAY STATE, NEW ENGLAND
Large and Daily Receipts of the Latest
Sheet Music, Music Books,
Brass and Silver Band Instruments, and everything in the Music
Line, at NEW YORK PRICES, Wholesale and Retail. Pianos sold on
easy monthly payments. Write for Catalogues.

RAILWAYS.
LITTLE ROCK SCHEDULES.
St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Ry
Trains going North Arrive. Depart.
Mail & Express 3:40 p.m. 4:00 p.m.
Texas Express 1:15 a.m. 1:35 p.m.
Trains going South.
Mail & Express 12:30 a.m. 12:45 a.m.
Texas Express 11:55 a.m. 12:15 p.m.
Memphis and Little Rock Railroad.
Arrive. Depart.
Passenger No. 1 1:10 a.m.
Passenger No. 3 11:40 a.m.
Passenger No. 2 3:55 p.m.
Passenger No. 4 1:40 p.m.
Little Rock, Miss. River & Texas Ry.
(Daily, Sundays excepted.)
Trains going South
Depart. Arrive.
Mixed & Pass. 4:30 p.m. 7:40 a.m.
Trains going North,
Mixed & Pass. 10:40 a.m. 4:36 p.m.
Little Rock and Fort Smith Railroad.
Pass. & Express Depart. Arrive.
Argenta 12:30 p.m. 3:55 p.m.

THE
IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE,
VIA
St. Louis
IS THE
FAVORITE LINE
TO THE
NORTH AND EAST.
2 Daily Trains 2
FAST TIME!
Superior Accommodations!
F. CHANDLER,
Gen. Ticket Agent.
L. C. TOWNSEND,
Gen. Passenger Ag't.
St. Louis, Mo.



Cotton Belt Route
TEXAS & ST. LOUIS RY.

NEW THRO' LINE
FROM
Arkansas AND Texas
BY WAY OF CAIRO TO
ST. LOUIS
AND CHICAGO,
Connecting in Union Depots with Through
Trains for all points in
ILLINOIS, IOWA, WISCONSIN, MICHIGAN,
INDIANA, OHIO, PENNSYLVANIA,
NEW YORK AND ALL POINTS
NORTH AND EAST
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, Pullman Parlor
Cars and Elegant Day Coaches run
through to St. Louis
WITHOUT CHANGE.
Only one change to Chicago. Don't buy a
ticket to any point North or East until you
have found out what you can get on for
via the new line. Specially good accommo-
dations for all classes of travel. For maps,
time tables, rates, etc., apply to any agent of
the TEXAS & ST. LOUIS RY COMPANY, or to
W. R. WOODARD, A. C. SHELTON,
Receiver & Gen'l Manager. Gen'l Passenger Agt.
25 S. FOURTH ST., ST. LOUIS, MO.

4% LONG LOANS.
PRINCIPAL need never be REPAYED
so long as interest is kept up. Personal
security only for interest. Honest poor or men of
moderate means can send 6 cents for particulars,
loan forms, etc. Address T. GARDNER, Manager,
Palace Building, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

ARKANSAS METHODIST

SATURDAY, JANUARY 3, 1885.

JUDGE DANIEL T. WITTER DEAD.

The venerable Judge Daniel T. Witter died on Saturday, November 29th, at the residence of his son-in-law, Dr. W. P. Hart, in Washington, at the ripe old age of nearly ninety years.

It is not for us to write of his life and character, who have lived only since he grew old. Some one else, who knew him long and well, will do that. His death has severed almost the last connecting link between the Arkansas of 1819 and the Arkansas of 1884.

A member of the family has furnished us the following brief outline of his life:

Daniel T. Witter was born in New London, Connecticut, August 27th, 1795; came to Arkansas in 1819; to Hempstead county in 1820. Was elected to represent Hempstead county in the Territorial Legislative Council in 1824.

Tributes of Respect.

We are in receipt of several lengthy articles indicated by the above heading, from Sunday-schools, Churches, Quarterly Conferences, etc.,—one from Bebee, another from the Sunday-school at Goodwin (Chapel), and one from another source, in Phillips county.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

ARKANSAS CONFERENCE.

Morrilton Dist.—First round Sidney H. Babcock, P. E. Quitman ct, Quitman, Dec 13, 14. Mt Vernon ct, Pleasant Valley, 20, 21.

Clarksville District—First Round.

Alma ct, Alma, Jan 3, 4. Van Buren sta, 10, 11. Ozark station, 17, 18.

Mulberry ct, Mulberry, 21, 22. Ozark ct, Gar Creek, 28, March 1. Altus ct, Altus, March 7, 8.

Fayetteville District—First Round.

Jas. A. Anderson, Presiding Elder. Bentonville and Rogers, Dec 13, 14. Maysville, 20, 21.

Dardanelle District—First Round.

Wm. D. Matthews, Presiding Elder. Danville circuit, New Hope, Dec 6, 7. Dardanelle circuit, Oak Grove, 13, 14.

Fort Smith District—First Round.

M. E. Batt, P. E. Charleston, Dec 13 14. Paris, 20, 21.

Yellville District—First Round.

T. M. C. Birmingham, P. E. Yellville and Harrison sta, at Yellville, December 6.

LITTLE ROCK CONFERENCE.

Pine Bluff District—First Round. J. H. Riggins, P. E.—P. O., Pine Bluff. Toledo, Mt. Carmel, Dec 13 and 14.

Little Rock District—First Round.

C. C. Godden, P. E. Lonoke, Dec 6, 7. Benton Station, 13, 14. First Church; 20, 21.

Monticello District—First Round.

Thos. H. Ware, P. E. Monticello sta, December 6, 7. Hamburg sta, 13, 14.

Holly Grove ct, 17, 18. Collins ct, 24, 25. Lacey, 31, Feb 1.

Camden District—First Round.

J. J. Jenkins, P. E. Carolina and Mt Vernon, Jan 3, 4. Camden sta, 10, 11.

Washington District—First Round.

D. T. Holmes, P. E. Prescott sta, December 13, 14. Midway, 27, 28.

Arkadelphia District—First Round.

H. D. McKinnon, P. E. Arkadelphia sta, Dec 13, 14. Caddo ct, Cedar Bluff, 21, 22.

White River Conference.

Newport District First Round. M. M. Smith, P. E. Powhattan and Smithville, ct. December 27-28.

Helena District—First Round.

J. M. Clark, P. E. Marianna sta, Dec 20, 21. Forrest City ct, 27, 28.

Camden District—First Round.

J. J. Jenkins, P. E. Carolina and Mt Vernon, Jan 3, 4. Camden sta, 10, 11.

Washington District—First Round.

D. T. Holmes, P. E. Prescott sta, December 13, 14. Midway, 27, 28.

Arkadelphia District—First Round.

H. D. McKinnon, P. E. Arkadelphia sta, Dec 13, 14. Caddo ct, Cedar Bluff, 21, 22.

ences, as no business will be attended to without them.

The board of District Stewards will please meet me at Forrest City on Saturday, Jan 3, at 2 o'clock, p.m., to make the Presiding Elder's assessment, and distribute the collections ordered by the Annual Conference to the several pastoral charges within the district.

Batesville District—First Round.

H. M. Granade, P. E. Bethesda ct, Pleasant Valley, Dec 13, 14. Evening Shade ct, Barren Fork, 20, 21.

Searcy District—First Round.

F. A. Jettett, P. E. Searcy ct, Dec 12, 14. Bebee ct, 20, 21.

Jonesboro Circuit—First Round.

S. L. Cochran, P. E. Wittsburg ct, December 20, 21. Gainesville ct, 27, 28.

Wells & Duncan, Gas and Steam Fitting, Plumbing.

DEALERS IN WOOD AND IRON PUMPS.

317 MAIN ST., LITTLE ROCK, ARK. June 28, 6m.

STEAM COOKED CEREALS.

Choice Foods in the World, for Old and Young. A. B. C. WHITE OATS. A. B. C. WHITE WHEAT.

American Breakfast Cereals.

Selected grain, all hulls, cobs, and impurities removed. CRUSHED, STEAM COOKED AND DESSICATED. Patented.

W. S. HUTT, DEALER IN STAPLE

Fancy Groceries, Plantation Supplies

SEEDS.

A full supply of Corn, Oats, Bran and all kinds of Field and Garden Seeds

213 Main street, Stark Block, LITTLE ROCK, ARK

feb 9 '1 y

CATARRH

[Send 50 cts. and symptoms for Trial Treat-ment, to last 20 days, by mail, post-paid.] Which will convince the most incredulous that Dr. Brockington positively and permanently cures at small expense, by a pleasant treatment, the worst cases of Catarrh, though the bones of the nose had become inflamed, causing Loss of Smell, Offensive Breath, Sore Throat, Deafness, Hay Fever, Cough, Bronchitis and Injunctious Consumption. No Snuffs, washes, douches, inhalers or atomizers used. Over 7000 cases cured. The best internal treatment ever discovered for this dangerous disease. Address Dr. C. N. BROCKINGTON, [Send this paper.] 389 FORTNEY AVENUE, LOUISVILLE, KY.

MASON & HAMLIN

Exhibited at ALL the important WORLD'S IN-DUSTRIAL CONVENTIONS & EXHIBITIONS. FULL SIZE EVERY YEAR. Mason & Hamlin Organs have after most rigid examinations and comparisons, been ALWAYS FOUND BEST, and AWARDED HIGHEST HONORS; not even in one such important comparison has any other American Organ been found equal to them.

W. S. HUTT,

DEALER IN

STAPLE

Fancy Groceries, Plantation Supplies

SEEDS.

A full supply of Corn, Oats, Bran and all kinds of Field and Garden Seeds

213 Main street, Stark Block, LITTLE ROCK, ARK

feb 9 '1 y

CATARRH

[Send 50 cts. and symptoms for Trial Treat-ment, to last 20 days, by mail, post-paid.] Which will convince the most incredulous that Dr. Brockington positively and permanently cures at small expense, by a pleasant treatment, the worst cases of Catarrh, though the bones of the nose had become inflamed, causing Loss of Smell, Offensive Breath, Sore Throat, Deafness, Hay Fever, Cough, Bronchitis and Injunctious Consumption. No Snuffs, washes, douches, inhalers or atomizers used. Over 7000 cases cured. The best internal treatment ever discovered for this dangerous disease. Address Dr. C. N. BROCKINGTON, [Send this paper.] 389 FORTNEY AVENUE, LOUISVILLE, KY.

MASON & HAMLIN

Exhibited at ALL the important WORLD'S IN-DUSTRIAL CONVENTIONS & EXHIBITIONS. FULL SIZE EVERY YEAR. Mason & Hamlin Organs have after most rigid examinations and comparisons, been ALWAYS FOUND BEST, and AWARDED HIGHEST HONORS; not even in one such important comparison has any other American Organ been found equal to them.

CATARRH

[Send 50 cts. and symptoms for Trial Treat-ment, to last 20 days, by mail, post-paid.] Which will convince the most incredulous that Dr. Brockington positively and permanently cures at small expense, by a pleasant treatment, the worst cases of Catarrh, though the bones of the nose had become inflamed, causing Loss of Smell, Offensive Breath, Sore Throat, Deafness, Hay Fever, Cough, Bronchitis and Injunctious Consumption. No Snuffs, washes, douches, inhalers or atomizers used. Over 7000 cases cured. The best internal treatment ever discovered for this dangerous disease. Address Dr. C. N. BROCKINGTON, [Send this paper.] 389 FORTNEY AVENUE, LOUISVILLE, KY.

MASON & HAMLIN

Exhibited at ALL the important WORLD'S IN-DUSTRIAL CONVENTIONS & EXHIBITIONS. FULL SIZE EVERY YEAR. Mason & Hamlin Organs have after most rigid examinations and comparisons, been ALWAYS FOUND BEST, and AWARDED HIGHEST HONORS; not even in one such important comparison has any other American Organ been found equal to them.

MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN AND PIANO CO.

BOSTON, 154 Tremont St. CHICAGO, 149 Wabash Ave. NEW YORK, 46 East 14th St. (Union Square)

BARNES' Patent Foot and Steam Power Machinery.

Complete outfits for Actual Workshop Business. Lathes for Wood or Metal. Circular Saws. Scroll Saws. Formers, Molders, Tenoners, etc. The Mason & Hamlin Co. manufacture UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, adding to all the improvements which have been found valuable in such instruments, one of peculiar practical value, tending to greatest purity and refinement in quality of tone and durability, especially diminished liability to get out of tune.

LADIES

Who are tired of Calicoes that fade in sunshine or washing will find the RICHMOND PINKS, PURPLES, GRAYS, AND QUAKER STYLES, perfectly fast and reliable. If you want an honest print, try them. Made in great variety.

LITTLE ROCK Commercial College

TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE. Of Little Rock, Ark., established Jan. 19, 1874; incorporated Oct. 1, 1881. Be sure to visit or address this college for circular before going elsewhere. AARON BALES, President.

WELLS & DUNCAN,

Gas and Steam Fitting, Plumbing,

DEALERS IN WOOD AND IRON PUMPS.

317 MAIN ST., LITTLE ROCK, ARK. June 28, 6m.

STEAM COOKED CEREALS.

Choice Foods in the World, for Old and Young. A. B. C. WHITE OATS. A. B. C. WHITE WHEAT.

American Breakfast Cereals.

Selected grain, all hulls, cobs, and impurities removed. CRUSHED, STEAM COOKED AND DESSICATED. Patented. Prepared, as wanted, for the table, in ten minutes. Saving money. Saving fuel. Saving time. Saving waste. Saving health. Easy to digest, being already thoroughly cooked and dried (desiccated).

LADIES

Suffering from complaints peculiar to their sex will find DR. HARRIS' IRON TONIC a safe and speedy cure. Gives a clear, healthy complexion. Frequent attempts at counterfeiting only add to the popularity of the original. Do not expect a cheap imitation. Send your address to Dr. J. C. Harris, Med. Co., (St. Louis, Mo., for our "DEAM BOOK.") Full of strange and useful information, free.

TERMS.

One Year, in advance, \$1 50
Six Months " " 75

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Space	1 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	1 yr.
1 Square	\$3 50	\$7 00	\$10 00	\$15 00
2 Squares	6 00	10 00	15 00	25 00
3 Squares	8 00	12 00	18 00	30 00
1/2 column	15 00	25 00	35 00	60 00

For larger space, special contracts will be made.

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly in advance.

All transient advertisements must be paid for at the time of their insertion.

When the number of insertions is not specified, the advertisement will be inserted until forbid, and charged for accordingly.

No communication will be published unless the author's name is known by the editor.

All communications for publication or on business, should be addressed to ARKANSAS METHODIST.

We desire to direct particular attention to our ADVERTISERS. They help us, and we intend to help them. Our friends will do us a favor to try these first, before patronizing others, and tell them where you saw their cards. Our circulation is widely and uniformly distributed, growing rapidly, and we can safely commend it as an ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

We will not knowingly allow any one to expose any FRAUD for sale in our columns, but will seek to protect our readers and secure large sales to our Advertisers. D. & W.

Look Out

Is your time out? Renew at once. We don't want to lose a subscriber. Will our preachers and readers look after those whose time is out, or is about to expire, and get them to renew?

All indebtedness of the ARKANSAS METHODIST to July 1st, 1884, will be paid by J. M. & J. R. Colburn. All money due the office for subscriptions or advertising must be paid to Dye & Winfield.

The Leader.

Our lady friends are delighted with this magnificent sewing machine. Our Bro. Stockton, says it can, must and will lead every machine in our country, and he knows what he says. With great pleasure we commend him and his great Leader to our readers. Remember the place Main, between 5th and 6th, and be sure to call.

Book Given Away.

We will send on application by mail, free of charge, to any part of the United States, our illustrated catalogue and dry goods shopping guide—a book of over one hundred pages, containing a descriptive list of all goods worn by ladies, gentlemen and children. MENKEN BROS., Memphis, Tenn.

Now Ready.

We have now on sale at our Book Store, in Little Rock, Bishop McTyeire's Centennial History of American Methodism. Just out. It will have a wide run. Send in your orders at once before the first edition is exhausted. C. C. GODDEN & Co., 604 Main Street, Little Rock.

Have You Nasal Catarrh?

Use Dr. H. JAMES' three preparations of EAST INDIA HEMP; they will prevent the Catarrh entering the Bronchial tubes or lungs, thereby warding off Consumption, and keep the disease located until positively cured. Put yourself fully under the influence of these remedies, and as sure as the sun shines upon you a complete cure will be made of that loathsome disease.

N. B.—This remedy speaks for itself. A single bottle will satisfy the most skeptical, and will break up a fresh cold in twenty-four hours.

Ask your druggist for Dr. JAMES' CANNABIS INDIANA, and if they fail you, send us direct. Price \$2.50 per bottle, or three bottles for \$6.50. Pills and ointment, 25 each. Address CRADDOCK & CO., 1032 Race St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The "constantly tired-out" feeling so often experienced is the result of impoverished blood and consequent enfeebled vitality. Ayer's Sarsaparilla feeds and enriches the blood, increases the appetite, and promotes digestion of the food and the assimilation of its strengthening qualities. The system being thus invigorated, the feeling rapidly changes to a grateful sense of strength and energy.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, asthma and all throat and Lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper.

W. A. NOYES, 149 Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.

MARKETS.

Corrected weekly by E. D. Smith & Co., 622 Main Street.

PRODUCE.

Creamery Butter, 36 to 40c.
Dairy Butter, 20 to 25c.
Eggs—Retail, 25c per doz.
Eggs—by the case, 24c per doz.
Irish Potatoes, \$1 per bu.
Cooking Apples, 1.25c per bu.
Frying Chickens, \$2.50 to 3 per doz.

PROVISIONS.

Bulk meats—long clear DS 6 1/2
Bulk meats—short clear DS 6 1/2
Breakfast Bacon 13 1/2
Sugar Cured Hams 15
Lard, tierce 8
" half tierce 8 1/2
" buckets 9
Cotton seed oil 60 per gal
Flour, 3 90 to 6 50 per bbl.

GROCERIES—IN ROUND LOTS.

Coffee, 10 to 14 1/2c
Sugar, 6 to 8 1/2c
Molasses—New Orleans, 45 to 55c
Rice, 6 1/2 to 7 1/2
Salt, \$1 50 to \$—
Corn Meal—per bbl \$2 50 to \$—
Crackers, 5 1/2 to 9c
Ginger snaps, 9 to 9 1/2
Cheese, 10 to 14 1/2
Candy, 10 to 20c
Coal Oil, 10 to —c.
Eupion, 25c per gal.
Grain—oats, 45 to 50
corn, shelled, 70c per bu.
" in ear 60c per bu.
Hay—prime per ton 8 50 to 9 00

HIDES.

Dry Hides, 12 1/2 to 15c
Dry Salt, 12 to 12 1/2
Green Salt, 7 to 8

W & D
In order to secure new customers, we will send 100 Choice Embossed Pictures, 4 German Dolls' Heads, 1 Elegant Birthday Card, 8 Imported Chromos, 25 Freely Album and Reward Cards, 1 Album of 50 Colored Cards, 100 Selections for Autograph Albums, 10 Odd Games, 6 new style Red Napkins, 1 Pack Puzzle Cards, 1 Pocket Book. All the above goods for 25 cts. Address: F. S. AVERY, 116 South 4th Street, Williamsburg, N. Y.

SEEDS FOR THE GARDEN, FARM & FIELD.
1840 Established 40 Yrs. 1885.
RELIABLE
Vegetable Seeds,
Flower and Tree Seeds,
Grass Seed, Seed Potatoes, Onion Sets,
SEED DRILLS, GARDEN CULTIVATORS, &c.
Catalogue Mailed Free to all. Address
PLANT SEED COMPANY,
812 & 814 N. 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.
Name this Paper.

AGENTS WANTED
LITTLE ROCK, ARK.
J. R. Butler & Co.,
—AGENTS FOR—
GOLDEN DAWN, ILLUSTRATED FAMILY BIBLES,
and other subscription books. Liberal terms to agents. Chance to make from \$50 to \$200 per month. Address J. R. Butler & Co., 604 1-2 Main Street, Little Rock, Ark. Sept. 13-'84-tf.

LIVERY
—AND—
Sale Stable.
SEAU Y, ARKANSAS.
SPLENDID OUTFITS.
Transportation to any part of the State
Hack line to Kensett, 25cts.
BUCK NEELY,
July-28-84tf Proprietor.

MR. POTT'S GOLD HANDLE SADDLE IRON
ADVANTAGES
DO NOT BURN THE HAND
DETACHABLE WALNUT HANDLE
DOUBLE POINTED IRON BOTH WAYS
BEST IN USE AND CHEAP
THREE IRONS
ONE HANDLE AND A STAND TO A SET
FOR SALE BY THE HARDWARE TRADE

\$5.00 For 35c.

A Volume of Universal Reference.

THE R. M. & CO. STANDARD CYCLOPEDIA.

This Cyclopaedia is a new and valuable book for popular use, compiled by competent editors, after consultation of the best authorities, printed from new, large clear type, and handsomely bound in leatherette in imitation of crocodile skin. It contains information on every conceivable subject, and its reliability has been assured by the most careful preparation. It is of the greatest use in answering the 10,000 questions that constantly arise in regard to dates, places, persons, incidents, statistics, etc., etc. Complete in one volume. Finely illustrated.

We want agents and canvassers, and in order that you may have a copy to exhibit and canvass with, we make this

SPECIAL OFFER.

To any one who will agree to show this book to their friends and assist us in making sales, we will, upon receipt of 35 one-cent postage stamps, to prepay postage expense, packing, etc., forward one copy by return mail.

CALL PUBLISHING CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

GOSSAMER GARMENTS FREE.

To any reader of this paper who will agree to show our goods and try to influence sales among friends we will send post-paid two full size Ladies' Gossamer Rubber Water-proof Wearing Apparel as samples, provided you cut this out and return with 25 cents to pay postage, etc. WARREN MANUFACTURING CO., Warren St., N. Y.

A Valuable Chill Tonic.—Read This Testimony.

Mess. R. A. Robinson & Co. Louisville, Ky. RANDALL, ARK., Jan. 10, 1883.

I certify with pleasure to the following facts: No prescription ever effected more than a temporary suppression of the chills on myself. I was told to try Hughes' Tonic. I concluded to give it a trial after two doctors had failed to stop the chills. One bottle made a complete cure. I am now well. I recommend Hughes' Tonic to all suffering from chills and fever.

(Signed) R. K. GREENLESS.

Prepared by R. A. Robinson & Co., Who esale Druggists, Louisville, Ky. Sold at wholesale by leading Wholesale Druggists, and at retail by the Druggists of Arkansas generally. Retail at \$1.00 per bottle, six bottles for \$5.00.

I DEFY COMPETITION!

W. L. FUNSTON'S Marble Works.

MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, COPINGS, etc.

By dealing direct, you save Agent's Commissions, and get the best and cheapest work.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED. Designs sent on application.

SHELLS for Ornamenting Graves and Gardens etc.

605 Main St. LITTLE ROCK, ARK. Jan 1, '83-tf

BARLOW'S INDIGO BLUE.
Its merits as a WASH BLUE have been fully tested and endorsed by thousands of housekeepers. Your Grocer ought to have it on sale. GET ASK HIM FOR IT. D. S. WILBERGER, Prop'r, 233 N. Second St., Philadelphia.

V. B. THAYER,
The Reliable Jeweler and Silversmith of 265 Main Street, MEMPHIS, TENN. 2-1-ly

MR. POTT'S GOLD HANDLE SADDLE IRON
ADVANTAGES
DO NOT BURN THE HAND
DETACHABLE WALNUT HANDLE
DOUBLE POINTED IRON BOTH WAYS
BEST IN USE AND CHEAP
THREE IRONS
ONE HANDLE AND A STAND TO A SET
FOR SALE BY THE HARDWARE TRADE

QUINN & GRAY,

—DEALERS IN—

FIRST CLASS

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, LACES, NOTIONS, ETC.

Millinery & Dress Making.

120 & 122 Main St - LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

We Guarantee Prices

As Low

as any house in the country.

Samples forwarded to any address on application

THE ONEALE & STEVENS CO.,

304 Main St., - LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

—DEALERS IN—

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

Court Records and County Clerks Supplies a Specialty.

School Books at Net Wholesale Prices.

MAIL ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION

M. POLLOCK & BRO.,

At their New Store 104 Main Street,

FINE CLOTHING.

Ministers' Coats,

Gents Furnishing Goods, Hats, etc.

Orders throughout the State solicited, and will receive prompt attention. Jan 1, '83 tf

JAMES BRODIE.

J. H. WATERS

BRODIE & WATERS, JEFFERSON MACHINE WORKS, PINE BLUFF, ARK.

Manufacture and Repair Engines and Boilers.

Special attention paid to repairs on plantation and saw mill machinery, shafting pulleys, pumps, pipe fittings and brass goods of all sizes always on hand. ENGINES AND BOILERS BOUGHT AND SOLD.

Correspondence solicited on everything relating to machine shop and foundry business. Estimates furnished on application. sept 8, '83-tf

ALBERT COHEN,

417 MAIN STREET, between 4th & 5th. LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Oldest Jewelry House in the City.

SPECTACLES A SPECIALTY.

AGENT FOR

JOHN HOLLAND'S CELEBRATED GOLD PENS.

Splendid Stock of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry. Personal attention paid to repairs.

Jan. 1, 1883-tf

G. S. BRACK,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, Lamps and Chandeliers.

—ALSO—

FINE CHINA DINNER SETS,

FINE CHINA TEA SETS,

FINE CHINA CHAMBER SETS,

FANCY LIBRARY AND STAND LAMPS,

—AND A GENERAL LINE OF—

DECORATED CHINAWARE.

220 MAIN STREET.

dec8,83tf